



Search for Higgs boson decays to a photon and a Z boson in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV with the ATLAS detector



ATLAS Collaboration*

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ABSTRACT

A search is reported for a neutral Higgs boson in the decay channel $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ ($\ell = e, \mu$), using 4.5 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ and 20.3 fb^{-1} of pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, recorded by the ATLAS detector at the CERN Large Hadron Collider. The observed distribution of the invariant mass of the three final-state particles, $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$, is consistent with the Standard Model hypothesis in the investigated mass range of 120 – 150 GeV . For a Higgs boson with a mass of 125.5 GeV , the observed upper limit at the 95% confidence level is 11 times the Standard Model expectation. Upper limits are set on the cross section times branching ratio of a neutral Higgs boson with mass in the range 120 – 150 GeV between 0.13 and 0.5 pb for $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ at 95% confidence level.

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1. Introduction

In July 2012 a new particle decaying to dibosons ($\gamma\gamma$, ZZ , WW) was discovered by the ATLAS [1] and CMS [2] experiments at the CERN Large Hadron Collider (LHC). The observed properties of this particle, such as its couplings to fermions and bosons [3,4] and its spin and parity [5,6], are consistent with those of a Standard Model (SM) Higgs boson with a mass near 125.5 GeV [3].

This Letter presents a search for a Higgs boson H decaying to $Z\gamma$, $Z \rightarrow \ell^+\ell^-$ ($\ell = e, \mu$),¹ using pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV recorded with the ATLAS detector at the LHC during 2011 and 2012. The Higgs boson is assumed to have SM-like spin and production properties, but in order to retain sensitivity to additional, non-SM Higgs bosons, its mass is allowed to take any value between 120 and 150 GeV . The integrated luminosity presently available enables the exclusion of large anomalous couplings to $Z\gamma$, compared with the SM prediction. The signal is expected to yield a narrow peak in the reconstructed $\ell\ell\gamma$ invariant-mass distribution over a smooth background dominated by continuum $Z + \gamma$ production, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ radiative decays and $Z + \text{jets}$ events where a jet is misidentified as a photon. A similar search was recently published by the CMS Collaboration [7], which set an upper limit of 9.5 times the SM expectation, at 95% confidence level (CL), on the $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ cross section for $m_H = 125 \text{ GeV}$.

In the SM, the Higgs boson is produced mainly through five production processes: gluon fusion (ggF), vector-boson fusion

(VBF), and associated production with either a W boson (WH), a Z boson (ZH) or a $t\bar{t}$ pair ($t\bar{t}H$) [8–10]. For a mass of 125.5 GeV the SM $pp \rightarrow H$ cross section is $\sigma = 22$ (17) pb at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ (7) TeV . Higgs boson decays to $Z\gamma$ in the SM proceed through loop diagrams mostly mediated by W bosons, similar to $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$. The $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ branching ratio of an SM Higgs boson with a mass of 125.5 GeV is $B(H \rightarrow Z\gamma) = 1.6 \times 10^{-3}$, to be compared to $B(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = 2.3 \times 10^{-3}$. Including the branching fractions of the Z decays to leptons leads to a $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ cross section of 2.3 (1.8) fb at 8 (7) TeV , similar to that of $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4\ell$ and only 5% of that of $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$.

Modifications of the $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ coupling with respect to the SM prediction are expected if H is a neutral scalar of a different origin [11,12] or a composite state [13], as well as in models with additional colourless charged scalars, leptons or vector bosons coupled to the Higgs boson and exchanged in the $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ loop [14–16]. A determination of both the $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ decay rates can help to determine whether the newly discovered Higgs boson is indeed the one predicted in the SM, or provide information on the quantum numbers of new particles exchanged in the loops or on the compositeness scale. While constraints from the observed rates in the other final states, particularly the diphoton channel, typically limit the expected $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ decay rate in the models mentioned above to be within a factor of two of the SM expectation, larger enhancements can be obtained in some scenarios by careful parameter choices [13,14].

2. Experimental setup and dataset

The ATLAS detector [17] is a multi-purpose particle detector with approximately forward–backward symmetric cylindrical

* E-mail address: atlas.publications@cern.ch.

¹ In the following ℓ denotes either an electron or a muon, and the charge of the leptons is omitted for simplicity.

Table 1

Event generators used to model the signal (first two rows) and background (last four rows) processes.

Process	Generator
ggF, VBF	POWHEG [20–22] + PYTHIA8 [23]
$WH, ZH, t\bar{t}H$	PYTHIA8
$Z + \gamma$ and $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$	SHERPA [24,25]
$Z + \text{jets}$	SHERPA, ALPGEN [26] + HERWIG [27]
$t\bar{t}$	MC@NLO [28,29] + HERWIG
WZ	SHERPA, POWHEG + PYTHIA8

geometry.² The inner tracking detector (ID) covers $|\eta| < 2.5$ and consists of a silicon pixel detector, a silicon microstrip detector, and a transition radiation tracker. The ID is surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid providing a 2 T axial magnetic field and by a high-granularity lead/liquid-argon (LAr) sampling electromagnetic calorimeter. The electromagnetic calorimeter measures the energy and the position of electromagnetic showers with $|\eta| < 3.2$. It includes a presampler (for $|\eta| < 1.8$) and three sampling layers, longitudinal in shower depth, up to $|\eta| < 2.5$. LAr sampling calorimeters are also used to measure hadronic showers in the end-cap ($1.5 < |\eta| < 3.2$) and forward ($3.1 < |\eta| < 4.9$) regions, while an iron/scintillator tile calorimeter measures hadronic showers in the central region ($|\eta| < 1.7$). The muon spectrometer (MS) surrounds the calorimeters and consists of three large superconducting air-core toroid magnets, each with eight coils, a system of precision tracking chambers ($|\eta| < 2.7$), and fast tracking chambers ($|\eta| < 2.4$) for triggering. A three-level trigger system selects events to be recorded for offline analysis.

Events are collected using the lowest threshold unprescaled single-lepton or dilepton triggers [18]. For the single-muon trigger the transverse momentum, p_T , threshold is 24 (18) GeV for $\sqrt{s} = 8$ (7) TeV, while for the single-electron trigger the transverse energy, E_T , threshold is 25 (20) GeV. For the dimuon triggers the thresholds are $p_T > 13$ (10) GeV for each muon, while for the dielectron triggers the thresholds are $E_T > 12$ GeV for each electron. At $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV a dimuon trigger is also used with asymmetric thresholds $p_{T1} > 18$ GeV and $p_{T2} > 8$ GeV. The trigger efficiency with respect to events satisfying the selection criteria is 99% in the $e\ell\gamma$ channel and 92% in the $\mu\mu\gamma$ channel due to the reduced geometric acceptance of the muon trigger system in the $|\eta| < 1.05$ and $|\eta| > 2.4$ region. Events with data quality problems are discarded. The integrated luminosity after the trigger and data quality requirements corresponds to 20.3 fb^{-1} (4.5 fb^{-1}) [19] at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ (7) TeV.

3. Simulated samples

The event generators used to model SM signal and background processes in samples of Monte Carlo (MC) simulated events are listed in Table 1.

The $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ signal from the dominant ggF and VBF processes, corresponding to 95% of the SM production cross section, is generated with POWHEG, interfaced to PYTHIA 8.170 for showering and hadronisation, using the CT10 parton distribution functions (PDFs) [30]. Gluon-fusion events are reweighted to match the Higgs boson p_T distribution predicted by HRES2 [31]. The signal from associated production (WH, ZH or $t\bar{t}H$) is generated with

² ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$.

PYTHIA 8.170 using the CTEQ6L1 PDFs [32]. Signal events are generated for Higgs boson masses m_H between 120 and 150 GeV, in intervals of 5 GeV, at both $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV. For the same value of the mass, events corresponding to different Higgs boson production modes are combined according to their respective SM cross sections.

The predicted SM cross sections and branching ratios are compiled in Refs. [8–10]. The production cross sections are computed at next-to-next-to-leading order in the strong coupling constant α_s and at next-to-leading order (NLO) in the electroweak coupling constant α , except for the $t\bar{t}H$ cross section, which is calculated at NLO in α_s [33–43]. Theoretical uncertainties on the production cross section arise from the choice of renormalisation and factorisation scales in the fixed-order calculations as well as the uncertainties on the PDFs and the value of α_s used in the perturbative expansion. They depend only mildly on the centre-of-mass energy and on the Higgs boson mass in the range $120 < m_H < 150$ GeV. The scale uncertainties are uncorrelated among the five Higgs boson production modes that are considered; for $m_H = 125.5$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, they amount to $^{+7}_{-8}\%$ for ggF, $\pm 0.2\%$ for VBF, $\pm 1\%$ for WH , $\pm 3\%$ for ZH and $^{+4}_{-9}\%$ for $t\bar{t}H$. PDF + α_s uncertainties are correlated among the gluon-fusion and $t\bar{t}H$ processes, which are initiated by gluons, and among the VBF and WH/ZH processes, which are initiated by quarks; for $m_H = 125.5$ GeV at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, the uncertainties are around $\pm 8\%$ for $gg \rightarrow H$ and $t\bar{t}H$ and around $\pm 2.5\%$ for the other three Higgs boson production modes. The Higgs boson branching ratios are computed using the HDECAY and Prophecy4f programs [44–46]. The relative uncertainty on the $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ branching ratio varies between $\pm 9\%$ for $m_H = 120$ GeV and $\pm 6\%$ for $m_H = 150$ GeV. An additional $\pm 5\%$ [47] accounts for the effect, in the selected phase space of the $\ell\ell\gamma$ final state, of the interfering $H \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ decay amplitudes that are neglected in the calculation of Refs. [8–10]. They originate from internal photon conversion in Higgs boson decays to diphotons ($H \rightarrow \gamma^*\gamma \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$) or from radiative Higgs boson decays to dileptons ($H \rightarrow \ell\ell^* \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ in the Z mass window) [48,49].

Various background samples are also generated: they are used to study the background parameterisation and possible systematic biases in the fit described in Section 6 and not to extract the final result. The samples produced with ALPGEN or MC@NLO are interfaced to HERWIG 6.510 [27] for parton showering, fragmentation into particles and to model the underlying event, using JIMMY 4.31 [50] to generate multiple-parton interactions. The SHERPA, MC@NLO and POWHEG samples are generated using the CT10 PDFs, while the ALPGEN samples use the CTEQ6L1 ones.

All Monte Carlo samples are processed through a complete simulation of the ATLAS detector response [51] using GEANT4 [52]. Additional pp interactions in the same and nearby bunch crossings (pile-up) are included in the simulation. The MC samples are reweighted to reproduce the distribution of the mean number of interactions per bunch crossing (9 and 21 on average in the data taken at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV, respectively) and the length of the luminous region observed in data.

4. Event selection and backgrounds

4.1. Event selection

Events are required to contain at least one primary vertex, determined from a fit to the tracks reconstructed in the inner detector and consistent with a common origin. The primary vertex with the largest sum of the squared transverse momenta of the tracks associated with it is considered as the primary vertex of the hard interaction.

The selection of leptons and photons is similar to that used for the $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow 4\ell$ measurements [1], the main difference being the minimum transverse momentum threshold. Events are required to contain at least one photon and two opposite-sign same-flavour leptons.

Muon candidates are formed from tracks reconstructed either in the ID or in the MS [53]. They are required to have transverse momentum $p_T > 10$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.7$. In the central barrel region $|\eta| < 0.1$, which lacks MS coverage, ID tracks are identified as muons based on the associated energy deposits in the calorimeter. These candidates must have $p_T > 15$ GeV. The inner detector tracks associated with muons that are identified inside the ID acceptance are required to have a minimum number of associated hits in each of the ID sub-detectors (to ensure good track reconstruction) and to have transverse (longitudinal) impact parameter d_0 (z_0), with respect to the primary vertex, smaller than 1 mm (10 mm).

Electrons and photons are reconstructed from clusters of energy deposits in the electromagnetic calorimeter [54]. Tracks matched to electron candidates (and, for 8 TeV data, from photon conversions) and having enough associated hits in the silicon detectors are fitted using a Gaussian-Sum Filter, which accounts for bremsstrahlung energy loss [55].

Electron candidates are required to have a transverse energy greater than 10 GeV, pseudorapidity $|\eta| < 2.47$, and a well-reconstructed ID track pointing to the electromagnetic calorimeter cluster. The cluster should satisfy a set of identification criteria that require the longitudinal and transverse shower profiles to be consistent with those expected for electromagnetic showers [56]. The electron track is required to have a hit in the innermost pixel layer of the ID when passing through an active module and is also required to have a longitudinal impact parameter, with respect to the primary vertex, smaller than 10 mm.

Photon candidates are required to have a transverse energy greater than 15 GeV and pseudorapidity within the regions $|\eta| < 1.37$ or $1.52 < |\eta| < 2.37$, where the first calorimeter layer has high granularity. Photons reconstructed in or near regions of the calorimeter affected by read-out or high-voltage failures are not accepted. The identification of photons is performed through a cut-based selection based on shower shapes measured in the first two longitudinal layers of the electromagnetic calorimeter and on the leakage into the hadronic calorimeter [57]. To further suppress hadronic background, the calorimeter isolation transverse energy E_T^{iso} [1] in a cone of size $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2} = 0.4$ around the photon candidate is required to be lower than 4 GeV, after subtracting the contributions from the photon itself and from the underlying event and pile-up.

Removal of overlapping electrons and muons that satisfy all selection criteria and share the same inner detector track is performed: if the muon is identified by the MS, then the electron candidate is discarded; otherwise the muon candidate is rejected. Photon candidates within a $\Delta R = 0.3$ cone of a selected electron or muon candidate are also rejected, thus suppressing background from $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ events and signal from radiative Higgs boson decays to dileptons.

Z boson candidates are reconstructed from pairs of same-flavour, opposite-sign leptons passing the previous selections. At least one of the two muons from $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ must be reconstructed both in the ID and the MS.

Higgs boson candidates are reconstructed from the combination of a Z boson and a photon candidate. In each event only the Z candidate with invariant mass closest to the Z pole mass and the photon with largest transverse energy are retained. In the selected events, the triggering leptons are required to match one (or in the case of dilepton-triggered events, both) of the Z

candidate's leptons. Track and calorimeter isolation requirements, as well as additional track impact parameter selections, are applied to the leptons forming the Z boson candidate [1]. The track isolation $\sum p_T$, inside a $\Delta R = 0.2$ cone around the lepton, excluding the lepton track, divided by the lepton p_T , must be smaller than 0.15. The calorimeter isolation for electrons, computed similarly to E_T^{iso} for photons but with $\Delta R = 0.2$, divided by the electron E_T , must be lower than 0.2. Muons are required to have a normalised calorimeter isolation E_T^{cone}/p_T less than 0.3 (0.15 in the case of muons without an ID track) inside a $\Delta R = 0.2$ cone around the muon direction. For both the track- and calorimeter-based isolation any contributions due to the other lepton from the candidate Z decay are subtracted. The transverse impact parameter significance $|d_0|/\sigma_{d_0}$ of the ID track associated with a lepton within the acceptance of the inner detector is required to be less than 3.5 and 6.5 for muons and electrons, respectively. The electron impact parameter is affected by bremsstrahlung and it thus has a broader distribution.

Finally, the dilepton invariant mass ($m_{\ell\ell}$) and the invariant mass of the $\ell\ell\gamma$ final-state particles ($m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$) are required to satisfy $m_{\ell\ell} > m_Z - 10$ GeV and $115 < m_{\ell\ell\gamma} < 170$ GeV, respectively. These criteria further suppress events from $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$, as well as reducing the contribution to the signal from internal photon conversions in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and radiation from leptons in $H \rightarrow \ell\ell$ to a negligible level [47]. The number of events satisfying all the selection criteria in $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV ($\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV) data is 7798 (1041) in the $Z \rightarrow ee$ channel and 9530 (1400) in the $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ channel.

The same reconstruction algorithms and selection criteria are used for simulated events. The simulation is corrected to take into account measured data-MC differences in photon and lepton efficiencies and energy or momentum resolution. The acceptance of the kinematic requirements for simulated $H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ signal events at $m_H = 125.5$ GeV is 54% for $\ell = e$ and 57% for $\ell = \mu$, due to the larger acceptance in muon pseudorapidity. The average photon reconstruction and selection efficiency is 68% (61%) while the $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ reconstruction and selection efficiency is 74% (67%) and 88% (88%) for $\ell = e$ and $\ell = \mu$, respectively, at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ (7) TeV. The larger photon and electron efficiencies in 8 TeV data are due to a re-optimisation of the photon and electron identification criteria prior to the 8 TeV data taking. Including the acceptance and the reconstruction, selection and trigger efficiencies, the overall signal efficiency for $H \rightarrow Z\gamma \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ events at $m_H = 125.5$ GeV is 27% (22%) for $\ell = e$ and 33% (27%) for $\ell = \mu$ at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ (7) TeV. The relative efficiency is about 5% higher in the VBF process and 5–10% lower in the W , Z , $t\bar{t}$ -associated production modes, compared to signal events produced in the dominant gluon-fusion process. For m_H increasing between 120 and 150 GeV the overall signal efficiency varies from 0.87 to 1.25 times the efficiency at $m_H = 125.5$ GeV.

4.2. Invariant-mass calculation

In order to improve the three-body invariant-mass resolution of the Higgs boson candidate events and thus improve discrimination against non-resonant background events, three corrections are applied to the three-body mass $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$. First, the photon pseudorapidity η^γ and its transverse energy $E_T^\gamma = E^\gamma / \cosh \eta^\gamma$ are recalculated using the identified primary vertex as the photon's origin, rather than the nominal interaction point (which is used in the standard ATLAS photon reconstruction). Second, the muon momenta are corrected for collinear final-state-radiation (FSR) by including any reconstructed electromagnetic cluster with E_T above 1.5 GeV lying close (typically with $\Delta R < 0.15$) to a muon track. Third, the lepton four-momenta are recomputed by means of a Z -mass-constrained kinematic fit previously used in the ATLAS $H \rightarrow 4\ell$ search [1]. The

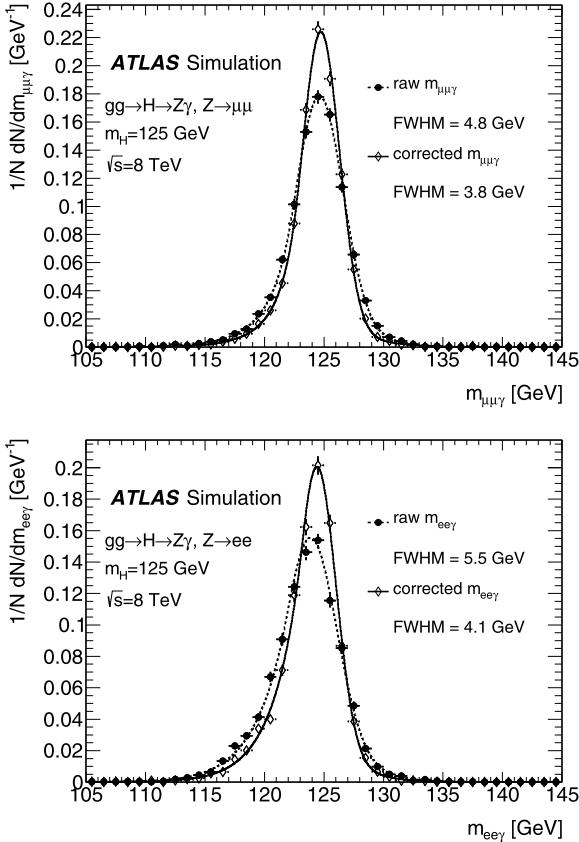


Fig. 1. Three-body invariant-mass distribution for $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$, $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (top) or $Z \rightarrow ee$ (bottom) selected events in the 8 TeV, $m_H = 125$ GeV gluon-fusion signal simulation, after applying all analysis cuts, before (filled circles) and after (open diamonds) the corrections described in Section 4.2. The solid and dashed lines represent the fits of the points to the sum of a Crystal Ball and a Gaussian function.

photon direction and FSR corrections improve the invariant-mass resolution by about 1% each, while the Z -mass constraint brings an improvement of about 15–20%.

Fig. 1 illustrates the distributions of $m_{\mu\mu\gamma}$ and $m_{ee\gamma}$ for simulated signal events from $gg \rightarrow H$ at $m_H = 125$ GeV after all corrections. The $m_{ee\gamma}$ resolution is about 8% worse due to bremsstrahlung. The $m_{ee\gamma}$ distribution is modelled with the sum of a Crystal Ball function (a Gaussian with a power-law tail), representing the core of well-reconstructed events, and a small, wider Gaussian component describing the tails of the distribution. For $m_H = 125.5$ GeV the typical mass resolution σ_{CB} of the core component of the $m_{\mu\mu\gamma}$ distribution is 1.6 GeV.

4.3. Event classification

The selected events are classified into four categories, based on the pp centre-of-mass energy and the lepton flavour. To enhance the sensitivity of the analysis, each event class is further divided into categories with different signal-to-background ratios and invariant-mass resolutions, based on (i) the pseudorapidity difference $\Delta\eta_{Z\gamma}$ between the photon and the Z boson and (ii) $p_{T\text{t}}$ ³, the component of the Higgs boson candidate p_T that is orthogonal to the $Z\gamma$ thrust axis in the transverse plane [58]. Higgs boson candidates are classified as *high-* (*low-*) $p_{T\text{t}}$ candidates if their $p_{T\text{t}}$

³ $p_{T\text{t}} = |(\vec{p}_T^\gamma + \vec{p}_T^Z) \times \hat{t}|$ where $\hat{t} = (\vec{p}_T^\gamma - \vec{p}_T^Z)/|\vec{p}_T^\gamma - \vec{p}_T^Z|$ denotes the thrust axis in the transverse plane, and \vec{p}_T^γ , \vec{p}_T^Z are the transverse momenta of the photon and the Z boson.

Table 2

Expected signal (N_S) and background (N_B) yields in a ± 5 GeV mass window around $m_H = 125$ GeV for each of the event categories under study. In addition, the observed number of events in data (N_D) and the FWHM of the signal invariant-mass distribution, modelled as described in Section 4.2, are given. The signal is assumed to have SM-like properties, including the production cross section times branching ratio. The background yield is extrapolated from the selected data event yield in the invariant-mass region outside the ± 5 GeV window around $m_H = 125$ GeV, using an analytic background model described in Section 6. The uncertainty on the FWHM from the limited size of the simulated signal samples is negligible in comparison to the systematic uncertainties described in Section 5.

\sqrt{s} [TeV]	ℓ	Category	N_S	N_B	N_D	$\frac{N_S}{\sqrt{N_B}}$	FWHM [GeV]
8	μ	high $p_{T\text{t}}$	2.3	310	324	0.13	3.8
8	μ	low $p_{T\text{t}}$, low $ \Delta\eta $	3.7	1600	1587	0.09	3.8
8	μ	low $p_{T\text{t}}$, high $ \Delta\eta $	0.8	600	602	0.03	4.1
8	e	high $p_{T\text{t}}$	1.9	260	270	0.12	3.9
8	e	low $p_{T\text{t}}$, low $ \Delta\eta $	2.9	1300	1304	0.08	4.2
8	e	low $p_{T\text{t}}$, high $ \Delta\eta $	0.6	430	421	0.03	4.5
7	μ	high $p_{T\text{t}}$	0.4	40	40	0.06	3.9
7	μ	low $p_{T\text{t}}$	0.6	340	335	0.03	3.9
7	e	high $p_{T\text{t}}$	0.3	25	21	0.06	3.9
7	e	low $p_{T\text{t}}$	0.5	240	234	0.03	4.0

is greater (smaller) than 30 GeV. In the analysis of $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV data, low- $p_{T\text{t}}$ candidates are further split into two classes, *high-* and *low-* $|\Delta\eta_{Z\gamma}|$, depending on whether $|\Delta\eta_{Z\gamma}|$ is greater or less than 2.0, yielding a total of ten event categories. Signal events are typically characterised by a larger $p_{T\text{t}}$ and a smaller $|\Delta\eta_{Z\gamma}|$ than background events, which are mostly due to $q\bar{q} \rightarrow Z + \gamma$ events in which the Z boson and the photon are back-to-back in the transverse plane. Signal events with high $p_{T\text{t}}$ or low $|\Delta\eta|$ are enriched in VBF, VH and ttH events, in which the Higgs boson is more boosted, and in gluon fusion events in which the leptons and the photon are harder or more central in the detector than in signal events with low $p_{T\text{t}}$ and high $|\Delta\eta|$. This results in a better $\ell\ell\gamma$ invariant mass resolution for the high $p_{T\text{t}}$ and low $|\Delta\eta|$ categories, which are also characterised by a better signal-to-background ratio.

As an example, the expected number of signal and background events in each category with invariant mass within a ± 5 GeV window around $m_H = 125$ GeV, the observed number of events in data in the same region, and the full-width at half-maximum (FWHM) of the signal invariant-mass distribution, are summarised in Table 2. Using this classification improves the signal sensitivity of this analysis by 33% for a Higgs boson mass of 125.5 GeV compared to a classification based only on the centre-of-mass energy and lepton flavour categories.

4.4. Sample composition

The main backgrounds originate from continuum $Z + \gamma$, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ production, from radiative $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ decays, and from $Z +$ jet, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ events in which a jet is misidentified as a photon. Small contributions arise from $t\bar{t}$ and WZ events. Continuum $Z + \gamma$ events are either produced by $q\bar{q}$ in the t - or u -channels, or from parton-to-photon fragmentation. The requirements $m_{\ell\ell} > m_Z - 10$ GeV, $m_{\ell\ell\gamma} > 115$ GeV and $\Delta R_{\ell\gamma} > 0.3$ suppress the contribution from $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$, while the photon isolation requirement reduces the importance of the $Z + \gamma$ fragmentation component. The latter, together with the photon identification requirements, is also effective in reducing $Z +$ jets events.

In this analysis, the estimated background composition is not used to determine the amount of expected background, which is directly fitted to the data mass spectrum, but is used to normalise the background Monte Carlo samples used for the optimisation of

the selection criteria and the choice of mass spectra background-fitting functions and the associated systematic uncertainties. Since the amplitudes for $Z + \gamma$, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ and $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell\gamma$ interfere, only the total $\ell\ell\gamma$ background from the sum of the two processes is considered, and denoted with $Z\gamma$ in the following. A data-driven estimation of the background composition is performed, based on a two-dimensional sideband method [57,59] exploiting the distribution of the photon identification and isolation variables in control regions enriched in $Z +$ jets events, to estimate the relative $Z\gamma$ and $Z +$ jets fractions in the selected sample. The $Z\gamma$ and $Z +$ jets contributions are estimated *in situ* by applying this technique to the data after subtracting the 1% contribution from the $t\bar{t}$ and WZ backgrounds. Simulated events are used to estimate the small backgrounds from $t\bar{t}$ and WZ production (normalised to the data luminosity using the NLO MC cross sections), on which a conservative uncertainty of $\pm 50\%$ accounts for observed data-MC differences in the rates of fake photons and leptons from misidentified jets as well as for the uncertainties on the MC cross section due to the missing higher orders of the perturbative expansion and the PDF uncertainties. Simulated events are also used to determine the $Z\gamma$ contamination in the $Z +$ jet background control regions and the correlation between photon identification and photon isolation for $Z +$ jet events. The contribution to the control regions from the $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ signal is expected to be small compared to the background and is neglected in this study. The fractions of $Z\gamma$, $Z +$ jets and other ($t\bar{t} + WZ$) backgrounds are estimated to be around 82%, 17% and 1% at both $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV. The relative uncertainty on the $Z\gamma$ purity is around 5%, dominated by the uncertainty on the correlation between the photon identification and isolation in $Z +$ jet events, which is estimated by comparing the ALPGEN and SHERPA predictions. Good agreement between data and simulation is observed in the distributions of $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$, as well as in the distributions of several other kinematic quantities that were studied, including the dilepton invariant mass and the lepton and photon transverse momenta, pseudorapidity and azimuth.

5. Experimental systematic uncertainties

The following sources of experimental systematic uncertainties on the expected signal yields in each category were considered:

- The luminosity uncertainty is 1.8% for the 2011 data [19] and 2.8% for the 2012 data.⁴
- The uncertainty from the photon identification efficiency is obtained from a comparison between data-driven measurements and the simulated efficiencies in various photon and electron control samples [60] and varies between 2.6% and 3.1% depending on the category. The uncertainty from the photon reconstruction efficiency is negligible compared to that from the identification efficiency.
- The uncertainty from the electron trigger, reconstruction and identification efficiencies is estimated by varying the efficiency corrections applied to the simulation within the uncertainties of data-driven efficiency measurements. The total uncertainty, for events in which the Z boson candidate decays to electrons, varies between 2.5% and 3% depending on the category. The lepton reconstruction, identification and trigger efficiencies, as well as their energy and momentum scales and resolutions, are determined using large control samples of $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$, $W \rightarrow \ell\nu$ and $J/\psi \rightarrow \ell\ell$ events [53,56].

Other sources of uncertainty (muon trigger, reconstruction and identification efficiencies, lepton energy scale, resolution, and impact parameter selection efficiencies, lepton and photon isolation efficiencies) were investigated and found to have a negligible impact on the signal yield compared to the mentioned sources of uncertainty. The total relative uncertainty on the signal efficiency in each category is less than 5%, more than twice as small as the corresponding theoretical systematic uncertainty on the SM production cross section times branching ratio, described in Section 3. The uncertainty in the population of the p_T categories due to the description of the Higgs boson p_T spectrum is determined by varying the QCD scales and PDFs used in the HRES2 program. It is estimated to vary between 1.8% and 3.6% depending on the category.

The following sources of experimental systematic uncertainties on the signal $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ distribution were considered:

- The uncertainty on the peak position (0.2 GeV) is dominated by the photon energy scale uncertainty, which arises from the following sources: the calibration of the electron energy scale from $Z \rightarrow ee$ events, the uncertainty on its extrapolation to the energy scale of photons, dominated by the description of the detector material, and imperfect knowledge of the energy scale of the presampler detector located in front of the electromagnetic calorimeter.
- The uncertainty from the photon and electron energy resolution is estimated as the relative variation of the width of the signal $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ distribution after varying the corrections to the resolution of the electromagnetic particle response in the simulation within their uncertainties. It amounts to 3% for events in which the Z boson candidate decays to muons and to 10% for events in which the Z boson candidate decays to electrons.
- The uncertainty from the muon momentum resolution is estimated as the relative variation of the width of the signal $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ distribution after varying the muon momentum smearing corrections within their uncertainties. It is smaller than 1.5%.

To extract the signal, the background is estimated from the observed $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ distribution by assuming an analytical model, chosen from several alternatives to provide the best sensitivity to the signal while limiting the possible bias in the fitted signal to be within 20% of the statistical uncertainty on the signal yield due to background fluctuations. The $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ range used for the fit is also chosen according to the same criteria. The models are tested by performing signal + background fits of the $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ distribution of large simulated background-only samples scaled to the luminosity of the data and evaluating the ratio of the fitted signal yield to the statistical uncertainty on the fitted signal itself. The largest observed bias in the fitted signal for any Higgs boson mass in the range 120–150 GeV is taken as an additional systematic uncertainty; it varies between 0.5 events in poorly populated categories and 8.3 events in highly populated ones.

All systematic uncertainties, except that on the luminosity, are taken as fully correlated between the $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and the $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV analyses.

6. Results

6.1. Likelihood function

The final discrimination between signal and background events is based on a simultaneous likelihood fit to the $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ spectra in the invariant-mass region $115 < m_{\ell\ell\gamma} < 170$ GeV. The likelihood function depends on a single parameter of interest, the Higgs boson production signal strength μ , defined as the signal yield

⁴ The luminosity of the 2012 data is derived, following the same methodology as that detailed in Ref. [19], from a preliminary calibration of the luminosity scale derived from beam-separation scans performed in November 2012.

normalised to the SM expectation, as well as on several nuisance parameters that describe the shape and normalisation of the background distribution in each event category and the systematic uncertainties. Results for the signal production cross section times branching ratio are also provided. In that case, the likelihood function depends on two parameters of interest, the signal cross sections times branching ratios at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV and $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, and the systematic uncertainties on the SM cross sections and branching ratios are removed.

The background model in each event category is chosen based on the studies of sensitivity versus bias described in the previous section. For 2012 data, fifth- and fourth-order polynomials are chosen to model the background in the low- p_{TT} categories while an exponentiated second-order polynomial is chosen for the high- p_{TT} categories. For 2011 data, a fourth-order polynomial is used for the low- p_{TT} categories and an exponential function is chosen for the high- p_{TT} ones. The signal resolution functions in each category are described by the model illustrated in Section 4.2, fixing the fraction of events in each category to the MC predictions. For each fixed value of the Higgs boson mass between 120 and 150 GeV, in steps of 0.5 GeV, the parameters of the signal model are obtained, separately for each event category, through interpolation of the fully simulated MC samples.

For each of the nuisance parameters describing systematic uncertainties the likelihood is multiplied by a constraint term for each of the experimental systematic uncertainties evaluated as described in Section 5. For systematic uncertainties affecting the expected total signal yields for different centre-of-mass or lepton flavour, a log-normal constraint is used while for the uncertainties on the fractions of signal events in different $p_{\text{TT}} - |\Delta\eta_{Z\gamma}|$ categories and on the signal $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ resolution a Gaussian constraint is used [61].

6.2. Statistical analysis

The data are compared to background and signal-plus-background hypotheses using a profile likelihood test statistic [61], Higgs boson decays to final states other than $\ell\ell\gamma$ are expected to contribute negligibly to the background in the selected sample. For each fixed value of the Higgs boson mass between 120 and 150 GeV fits are performed in steps of 0.5 GeV to determine the best value of μ ($\hat{\mu}$) or to maximise the likelihood with respect to all the nuisance parameters for alternative values of μ , including $\mu = 0$ (background-only hypothesis) and $\mu = 1$ (background plus Higgs boson of that mass, with SM-like production cross section times branching ratio). The compatibility between the data and the background-only hypothesis is quantified by the p -value of the $\mu = 0$ hypothesis, p_0 , which provides an estimate of the significance of a possible observation. Upper limits on the signal strength at 95% CL are set using a modified frequentist (CL_s) method [62], by identifying the value μ_{up} for which the CL_s is equal to 0.05. Closed-form asymptotic formulae [63] are used to derive the results. Fits to the data are performed to obtain observed results. Fits to Asimov pseudo-data [63], generated either according to the $\mu = 1$ or $\mu = 0$ hypotheses, are performed to compute expected CL_s upper limits, respectively.

Fig. 2 shows the $m_{\ell\ell\gamma}$ distribution of all events selected in data, compared to the sum of the background-only fits to the data in each of the ten event categories. No significant excess with respect to the background is visible, and the observed p_0 is compatible with the data being composed of background only. The smallest p_0 (0.05), corresponding to a significance of 1.6σ , occurs for a mass of 141 GeV. The expected p_0 ranges between 0.34 and 0.44 for a Higgs boson with a mass $120 < m_H < 150$ GeV and SM-like cross section and branching ratio, corresponding to significances around

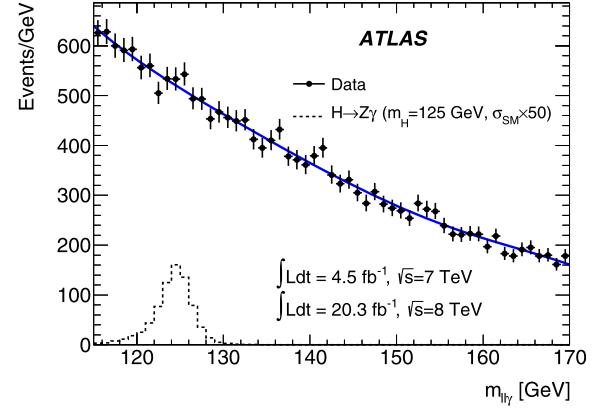


Fig. 2. Distribution of the reconstructed $\ell\ell\gamma$ invariant mass in data, after combining all the event categories (points with error bars). The solid dark grey (blue in the web version) line shows the sum of background-only fits to the data performed in each category. The dashed histogram corresponds to the signal expectation for a Higgs boson mass of 125 GeV decaying to $Z\gamma$ at 50 times the SM-predicted rate.

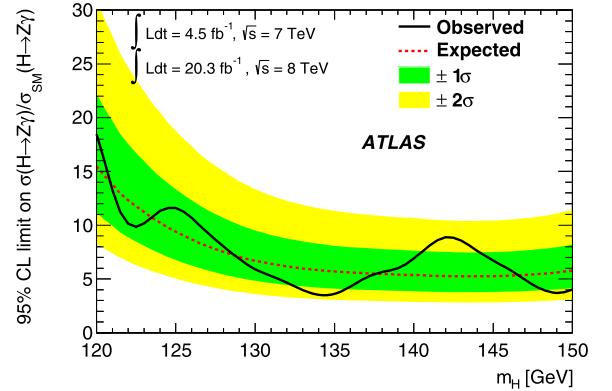


Fig. 3. Observed 95% CL limits (solid black line) on the production cross section of an SM Higgs boson decaying to $Z\gamma$ divided by the SM expectation. The limits are computed as a function of the Higgs boson mass. The median expected 95% CL exclusion limits (dashed red line), in the case of no expected signal, are also shown. The green and yellow bands correspond to the $\pm 1\sigma$ and $\pm 2\sigma$ intervals. (For interpretation of the references to colour in this figure legend, the reader is referred to the web version of this article.)

0.2σ . The expected p_0 at $m_H = 125.5$ GeV is 0.42, corresponding to a significance of 0.2σ , while the observed p_0 at the same mass is 0.27 (0.6 σ).

Observed and expected 95% CL upper limits on the value of the signal strength μ are derived and shown in Fig. 3. The expected limit ranges between 5 and 15 and the observed limit varies between 3.5 and 18 for a Higgs boson mass between 120 and 150 GeV. In particular, for a mass of 125.5 GeV, the observed and expected limits are equal to 11 and 9 times the Standard Model prediction, respectively. At the same mass the expected limit on μ assuming the existence of an SM ($\mu = 1$) Higgs boson with $m_H = 125.5$ GeV is 10. The results are dominated by the statistical uncertainties: neglecting all systematic uncertainties, the observed and expected 95% CL limits on the cross section at 125.5 GeV decrease by about 5%.

Upper limits on the $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ cross section times branching ratio are also derived at 95% CL, for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV. For $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, the limit ranges between 0.13 and 0.5 pb; for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV, it ranges between 0.20 and 0.8 pb. At $m_H = 125.5$ GeV the expected and observed limits are 0.33 pb and 0.45 pb, respectively, for $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV, and 0.7 pb and 0.5 pb, respectively, for $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV.

7. Conclusions

A search for a Higgs boson in the decay channel $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$, $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ ($\ell = e, \mu$), in the mass range 120–150 GeV, was performed using 4.5 fb^{-1} of proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ and 20.3 fb^{-1} of proton–proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ recorded with the ATLAS detector at the LHC. No excess with respect to the background is found in the $\ell\ell\gamma$ invariant-mass distribution and 95% CL upper limits on the cross section times branching ratio are derived. For $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$, the limit ranges between 0.13 and 0.5 pb. Combining $\sqrt{s} = 7$ and 8 TeV data and dividing the cross section by the Standard Model expectation, for a mass of 125.5 GeV, the observed 95% confidence limit is 11 times the SM prediction.

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G. Aad⁸⁴, T. Abajyan²¹, B. Abbott¹¹², J. Abdallah¹⁵², S. Abdel Khalek¹¹⁶, O. Abdinov¹¹, R. Aben¹⁰⁶, B. Abi¹¹³, M. Abolins⁸⁹, O.S. AbouZeid¹⁵⁹, H. Abramowicz¹⁵⁴, H. Abreu¹³⁷, Y. Abulaiti^{147a,147b}, B.S. Acharya^{165a,165b,a}, L. Adamczyk^{38a}, D.L. Adams²⁵, T.N. Addy⁵⁶, J. Adelman¹⁷⁷, S. Adomeit⁹⁹, T. Adye¹³⁰, T. Agatonovic-Jovin^{13b}, J.A. Aguilar-Saavedra^{125f,125a}, M. Agustoni¹⁷, S.P. Ahlen²², A. Ahmad¹⁴⁹, F. Ahmadov^{64,b}, G. Aielli^{134a,134b}, T.P.A. Åkesson⁸⁰, G. Akimoto¹⁵⁶, A.V. Akimov⁹⁵, J. Albert¹⁷⁰, S. Albrand⁵⁵, M.J. Alconada Verzini⁷⁰, M. Aleksa³⁰, I.N. Aleksandrov⁶⁴, C. Alexa^{26a}, G. Alexander¹⁵⁴, G. Alexandre⁴⁹, T. Alexopoulos¹⁰, M. Alhroob^{165a,165c}, G. Alimonti^{90a}, L. Alio⁸⁴, J. Alison³¹, B.M.M. Allbrooke¹⁸, L.J. Allison⁷¹, P.P. Allport⁷³, S.E. Allwood-Spiers⁵³, J. Almond⁸³, A. Aloisio^{103a,103b}, R. Alon¹⁷³, A. Alonso³⁶, F. Alonso⁷⁰, C. Alpigiani⁷⁵, A. Altheimer³⁵, B. Alvarez Gonzalez⁸⁹, M.G. Alviggi^{103a,103b}, K. Amako⁶⁵, Y. Amaral Coutinho^{24a}, C. Amelung²³, D. Amidei⁸⁸, V.V. Ammosov^{129,*}, S.P. Amor Dos Santos^{125a,125c}, A. Amorim^{125a,125b}, S. Amoroso⁴⁸, N. Amram¹⁵⁴, G. Amundsen²³, C. Anastopoulos¹⁴⁰, L.S. Ancu¹⁷, N. Andari³⁰, T. Andeen³⁵, C.F. Anders^{58b}, G. Anders³⁰, K.J. Anderson³¹, A. Andreazza^{90a,90b}, V. Andrei^{58a}, X.S. Anduaga⁷⁰, S. Angelidakis⁹, P. Anger⁴⁴, A. Angerami³⁵, F. Anghinolfi³⁰, A.V. Anisenkov¹⁰⁸, N. Anjos^{125a}, A. Anovi⁴⁷, A. Antonaki⁹, M. Antonelli⁴⁷, A. Antonov⁹⁷, J. Antos^{145b}, F. Anulli^{133a}, M. Aoki⁶⁵, L. Aperio Bella¹⁸, R. Apolle^{119,c}, G. Arabidze⁸⁹, I. Aracena¹⁴⁴, Y. Arai⁶⁵, J.P. Araque^{125a}, A.T.H. Arce⁴⁵, J-F. Arguin⁹⁴, S. Argyropoulos⁴², M. Arik^{19a}, A.J. Armbruster⁸⁸, O. Arnaez⁸², V. Arnal⁸¹, O. Arslan²¹, A. Artamonov⁹⁶, G. Artoni²³, S. Asai¹⁵⁶, N. Asbah⁹⁴, A. Ashkenazi¹⁵⁴, S. Ask²⁸, B. Åsman^{147a,147b}, L. Asquith⁶, K. Assamagan²⁵, R. Astalos^{145a}, M. Atkinson¹⁶⁶, N.B. Atlay¹⁴², B. Auerbach⁶, E. Auge¹¹⁶,

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Silver ¹⁵⁴, D. Silverstein ¹⁴⁴, S.B. Silverstein ^{147a}, V. Simak ¹²⁷, O. Simard ⁵, Lj. Simic ^{13a}, S. Simion ¹¹⁶, E. Simioni ⁸², B. Simmons ⁷⁷, R. Simonello ^{90a,90b}, M. Simonyan ³⁶, P. Sinervo ¹⁵⁹, N.B. Sinev ¹¹⁵, V. Sipica ¹⁴², G. Siragusa ¹⁷⁵, A. Sircar ⁷⁸, A.N. Sisakyan ^{64,*}, S.Yu. Sivoklokov ⁹⁸, J. Sjölin ^{147a,147b}, T.B. Sjursen ¹⁴, L.A. Skinnari ¹⁵, H.P. Skottowe ⁵⁷, K.Yu. Skovpen ¹⁰⁸, P. Skubic ¹¹², M. Slater ¹⁸, T. Slavicek ¹²⁷, K. Sliwa ¹⁶², V. Smakhtin ¹⁷³, B.H. Smart ⁴⁶, L. Smestad ¹¹⁸, S.Yu. Smirnov ⁹⁷, Y. Smirnov ⁹⁷, L.N. Smirnova ^{98,ad}, O. Smirnova ⁸⁰, K.M. Smith ⁵³, M. Smizanska ⁷¹, K. Smolek ¹²⁷, A.A. Snesarev ⁹⁵, G. Snidero ⁷⁵, J. Snow ¹¹², S. Snyder ²⁵, R. Sobie ^{170,i}, F. Socher ⁴⁴, J. Sodomka ¹²⁷, A. Soffer ¹⁵⁴, D.A. Soh ^{152,s}, C.A. Solans ³⁰, M. Solar ¹²⁷, J. Solc ¹²⁷, E.Yu. Soldatov ⁹⁷, U. Soldevila ¹⁶⁸, E. Solfaroli Camillocci ^{133a,133b}, A.A. Solodkov ¹²⁹, O.V. Solovyev ¹²⁹, V. Solovyev ¹²², P. Sommer ⁴⁸, H.Y. Song ^{33b}, N. Soni ¹, A. Sood ¹⁵, V. Sopko ¹²⁷, B. Sopko ¹²⁷, V. Sorin ¹², M. Sosebee ⁸, R. Soualah ^{165a,165c}, P. Soueid ⁹⁴, A.M. Soukharev ¹⁰⁸, D. South ⁴², S. Spagnolo ^{72a,72b}, F. Spanò ⁷⁶, W.R. Spearman ⁵⁷, R. Spighi ^{20a}, G. Spigo ³⁰, M. Spousta ¹²⁸, T. Spreitzer ¹⁵⁹, B. Spurlock ⁸, R.D. St. Denis ⁵³, S. Staerz ⁴⁴, J. Stahlman ¹²¹, R. Stamen ^{58a}, E. Stanecka ³⁹, R.W. Stanek ⁶, C. Stanescu ^{135a}, M. Stanescu-Bellu ⁴², M.M. Stanitzki ⁴², S. Stapnes ¹¹⁸, E.A. Starchenko ¹²⁹, J. Stark ⁵⁵, P. Staroba ¹²⁶, P. Starovoitov ⁴², R. Staszewski ³⁹, P. Stavina ^{145a,*}, G. Steele ⁵³, P. Steinberg ²⁵, I. Stekl ¹²⁷, B. Stelzer ¹⁴³, H.J. Stelzer ³⁰, O. Stelzer-Chilton ^{160a}, H. Stenzel ⁵², S. Stern ¹⁰⁰, G.A. Stewart ⁵³,

- J.A. Stillings ²¹, M.C. Stockton ⁸⁶, M. Stoebe ⁸⁶, K. Stoerig ⁴⁸, G. Stoicea ^{26a}, P. Stolte ⁵⁴, S. Stonjek ¹⁰⁰,
 A.R. Stradling ⁸, A. Straessner ⁴⁴, J. Strandberg ¹⁴⁸, S. Strandberg ^{147a,147b}, A. Strandlie ¹¹⁸, E. Strauss ¹⁴⁴,
 M. Strauss ¹¹², P. Strizenec ^{145b}, R. Ströhmer ¹⁷⁵, D.M. Strom ¹¹⁵, R. Stroynowski ⁴⁰, S.A. Stucci ¹⁷,
 B. Stugu ¹⁴, N.A. Styles ⁴², D. Su ¹⁴⁴, J. Su ¹²⁴, HS. Subramania ³, R. Subramaniam ⁷⁸, A. Succurro ¹²,
 Y. Sugaya ¹¹⁷, C. Suhr ¹⁰⁷, M. Suk ¹²⁷, V.V. Sulin ⁹⁵, S. Sultansoy ^{4c}, T. Sumida ⁶⁷, X. Sun ^{33a},
 J.E. Sundermann ⁴⁸, K. Suruliz ¹⁴⁰, G. Susinno ^{37a,37b}, M.R. Sutton ¹⁵⁰, Y. Suzuki ⁶⁵, M. Svatos ¹²⁶,
 S. Swedish ¹⁶⁹, M. Swiatlowski ¹⁴⁴, I. Sykora ^{145a}, T. Sykora ¹²⁸, D. Ta ⁸⁹, K. Tackmann ⁴², J. Taenzer ¹⁵⁹,
 A. Taffard ¹⁶⁴, R. Tafirout ^{160a}, N. Taiblum ¹⁵⁴, Y. Takahashi ¹⁰², H. Takai ²⁵, R. Takashima ⁶⁸, H. Takeda ⁶⁶,
 T. Takeshita ¹⁴¹, Y. Takubo ⁶⁵, M. Talby ⁸⁴, A.A. Talyshев ^{108,f}, J.Y.C. Tam ¹⁷⁵, M.C. Tamsett ^{78,ae}, K.G. Tan ⁸⁷,
 J. Tanaka ¹⁵⁶, R. Tanaka ¹¹⁶, S. Tanaka ¹³², S. Tanaka ⁶⁵, A.J. Tanasijczuk ¹⁴³, K. Tani ⁶⁶, B.B. Tannenwald ¹¹⁰,
 N. Tannoury ⁸⁴, S. Tapprogge ⁸², S. Tarem ¹⁵³, F. Tarrade ²⁹, G.F. Tartarelli ^{90a}, P. Tas ¹²⁸, M. Tasevsky ¹²⁶,
 T. Tashiro ⁶⁷, E. Tassi ^{37a,37b}, A. Tavares Delgado ^{125a,125b}, Y. Tayalati ^{136d}, C. Taylor ⁷⁷, F.E. Taylor ⁹³,
 G.N. Taylor ⁸⁷, W. Taylor ^{160b}, F.A. Teischinger ³⁰, M. Teixeira Dias Castanheira ⁷⁵, P. Teixeira-Dias ⁷⁶,
 K.K. Temming ⁴⁸, H. Ten Kate ³⁰, P.K. Teng ¹⁵², S. Terada ⁶⁵, K. Terashi ¹⁵⁶, J. Terron ⁸¹, S. Terzo ¹⁰⁰,
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 J. Thomas-Wilsker ⁷⁶, E.N. Thompson ³⁵, P.D. Thompson ¹⁸, P.D. Thompson ¹⁵⁹, A.S. Thompson ⁵³,
 L.A. Thomesen ³⁶, E. Thomson ¹²¹, M. Thomson ²⁸, W.M. Thong ⁸⁷, R.P. Thun ^{88,*}, F. Tian ³⁵, M.J. Tibbetts ¹⁵,
 V.O. Tikhomirov ^{95,af}, Yu.A. Tikhonov ^{108,f}, S. Timoshenko ⁹⁷, E. Tiouchichine ⁸⁴, P. Tipton ¹⁷⁷,
 S. Tisserant ⁸⁴, T. Todorov ⁵, S. Todorova-Nova ¹²⁸, B. Toggerson ¹⁶⁴, J. Tojo ⁶⁹, S. Tokár ^{145a},
 K. Tokushuku ⁶⁵, K. Tollefson ⁸⁹, L. Tomlinson ⁸³, M. Tomoto ¹⁰², L. Tompkins ³¹, K. Toms ¹⁰⁴,
 N.D. Topilin ⁶⁴, E. Torrence ¹¹⁵, H. Torres ¹⁴³, E. Torró Pastor ¹⁶⁸, J. Toth ^{84,aa}, F. Touchard ⁸⁴, D.R. Tovey ¹⁴⁰,
 H.L. Tran ¹¹⁶, T. Trefzger ¹⁷⁵, L. Tremblet ³⁰, A. Tricoli ³⁰, I.M. Trigger ^{160a}, S. Trincaz-Duvold ⁷⁹,
 M.F. Tripiana ⁷⁰, N. Triplett ²⁵, W. Trischuk ¹⁵⁹, B. Trocmé ⁵⁵, C. Troncon ^{90a}, M. Trottier-McDonald ¹⁴³,
 M. Trovatelli ^{135a,135b}, P. True ⁸⁹, M. Trzebinski ³⁹, A. Trzupek ³⁹, C. Tsarouchas ³⁰, J.C.-L. Tseng ¹¹⁹,
 P.V. Tsiareshka ⁹¹, D. Tsionou ¹³⁷, G. Tsipolitis ¹⁰, N. Tsirintanis ⁹, S. Tsiskaridze ¹², V. Tsiskaridze ⁴⁸,
 E.G. Tskhadadze ^{51a}, I.I. Tsukerman ⁹⁶, V. Tsulaia ¹⁵, S. Tsuno ⁶⁵, D. Tsybychev ¹⁴⁹, A. Tua ¹⁴⁰,
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 I. Turk Cakir ^{4d}, R. Turra ^{90a,90b}, P.M. Tuts ³⁵, A. Tykhonov ⁷⁴, M. Tylmad ^{147a,147b}, M. Tyndel ¹³⁰,
 K. Uchida ²¹, I. Ueda ¹⁵⁶, R. Ueno ²⁹, M. Ughetto ⁸⁴, M. Ugland ¹⁴, M. Uhlenbrock ²¹, F. Ukegawa ¹⁶¹,
 G. Unal ³⁰, A. Undrus ²⁵, G. Unel ¹⁶⁴, F.C. Ungaro ⁴⁸, Y. Unno ⁶⁵, D. Urbaniec ³⁵, P. Urquijo ²¹, G. Usai ⁸,
 A. Usanova ⁶¹, L. Vacavant ⁸⁴, V. Vacek ¹²⁷, B. Vachon ⁸⁶, N. Valencic ¹⁰⁶, S. Valentini ^{20a,20b},
 A. Valero ¹⁶⁸, L. Valery ³⁴, S. Valkar ¹²⁸, E. Valladolid Gallego ¹⁶⁸, S. Vallecorsa ⁴⁹, J.A. Valls Ferrer ¹⁶⁸,
 R. Van Berg ¹²¹, P.C. Van Der Deijl ¹⁰⁶, R. van der Geer ¹⁰⁶, H. van der Graaf ¹⁰⁶, R. Van Der Leeuw ¹⁰⁶,
 D. van der Ster ³⁰, N. van Eldik ³⁰, P. van Gemmeren ⁶, J. Van Nieuwkoop ¹⁴³, I. van Vulpen ¹⁰⁶,
 M.C. van Woerden ³⁰, M. Vanadia ^{133a,133b}, W. Vandelli ³⁰, A. Vaniachine ⁶, P. Vankov ⁴², F. Vannucci ⁷⁹,
 G. Vardanyan ¹⁷⁸, R. Vari ^{133a}, E.W. Varnes ⁷, T. Varol ⁸⁵, D. Varouchas ⁷⁹, A. Vartapetian ⁸, K.E. Varvell ¹⁵¹,
 V.I. Vassilakopoulos ⁵⁶, F. Vazeille ³⁴, T. Vazquez Schroeder ⁵⁴, J. Veatch ⁷, F. Veloso ^{125a,125c},
 S. Veneziano ^{133a}, A. Ventura ^{72a,72b}, D. Ventura ⁸⁵, M. Venturi ⁴⁸, N. Venturi ¹⁵⁹, A. Venturini ²³,
 V. Vercesi ^{120a}, M. Verducci ¹³⁹, W. Verkerke ¹⁰⁶, J.C. Vermeulen ¹⁰⁶, A. Vest ⁴⁴, M.C. Vetterli ^{143,d},
 O. Viazlo ⁸⁰, I. Vichou ¹⁶⁶, T. Vickey ^{146c,ag}, O.E. Vickey Boeriu ^{146c}, G.H.A. Viehhauser ¹¹⁹, S. Viel ¹⁶⁹,
 R. Vigne ³⁰, M. Villa ^{20a,20b}, M. Villaplana Perez ¹⁶⁸, E. Vilucchi ⁴⁷, M.G. Vincter ²⁹, V.B. Vinogradov ⁶⁴,
 J. Virzi ¹⁵, O. Vitells ¹⁷³, I. Vivarelli ¹⁵⁰, F. Vives Vaque ³, S. Vlachos ¹⁰, D. Vladoiu ⁹⁹, M. Vlasak ¹²⁷,
 A. Vogel ²¹, P. Vokac ¹²⁷, G. Volpi ⁴⁷, M. Volpi ⁸⁷, H. von der Schmitt ¹⁰⁰, H. von Radziewski ⁴⁸,
 E. von Toerne ²¹, V. Vorobel ¹²⁸, M. Vos ¹⁶⁸, R. Voss ³⁰, J.H. Vossebeld ⁷³, N. Vranjes ¹³⁷,
 M. Vranjes Milosavljevic ¹⁰⁶, V. Vrba ¹²⁶, M. Vreeswijk ¹⁰⁶, T. Vu Anh ⁴⁸, R. Vuillermet ³⁰, I. Vukotic ³¹,
 Z. Vykydal ¹²⁷, W. Wagner ¹⁷⁶, P. Wagner ²¹, S. Wahrmund ⁴⁴, J. Wakabayashi ¹⁰², J. Walder ⁷¹,
 R. Walker ⁹⁹, W. Walkowiak ¹⁴², R. Wall ¹⁷⁷, P. Waller ⁷³, B. Walsh ¹⁷⁷, C. Wang ¹⁵², C. Wang ⁴⁵,
 F. Wang ¹⁷⁴, H. Wang ¹⁵, H. Wang ⁴⁰, J. Wang ⁴², J. Wang ^{33a}, K. Wang ⁸⁶, R. Wang ¹⁰⁴, S.M. Wang ¹⁵²,
 T. Wang ²¹, X. Wang ¹⁷⁷, A. Warburton ⁸⁶, C.P. Ward ²⁸, D.R. Wardrobe ⁷⁷, M. Warsinsky ⁴⁸,
 A. Washbrook ⁴⁶, C. Wasicki ⁴², I. Watanabe ⁶⁶, P.M. Watkins ¹⁸, A.T. Watson ¹⁸, I.J. Watson ¹⁵¹,
 M.F. Watson ¹⁸, G. Watts ¹³⁹, S. Watts ⁸³, B.M. Waugh ⁷⁷, S. Webb ⁸³, M.S. Weber ¹⁷, S.W. Weber ¹⁷⁵,
 J.S. Webster ³¹, A.R. Weidberg ¹¹⁹, P. Weigell ¹⁰⁰, B. Weinert ⁶⁰, J. Weingarten ⁵⁴, C. Weiser ⁴⁸, H. Weits ¹⁰⁶,

P.S. Wells³⁰, T. Wenaus²⁵, D. Wendland¹⁶, Z. Weng^{152,s}, T. Wengler³⁰, S. Wenig³⁰, N. Wermes²¹, M. Werner⁴⁸, P. Werner³⁰, M. Wessels^{58a}, J. Wetter¹⁶², K. Whalen²⁹, A. White⁸, M.J. White¹, R. White^{32b}, S. White^{123a,123b}, D. Whiteson¹⁶⁴, D. Wicke¹⁷⁶, F.J. Wickens¹³⁰, W. Wiedenmann¹⁷⁴, M. Wielaers¹³⁰, P. Wienemann²¹, C. Wiglesworth³⁶, L.A.M. Wiik-Fuchs²¹, P.A. Wijeratne⁷⁷, A. Wildauer¹⁰⁰, M.A. Wildt^{42,ah}, H.G. Wilkens³⁰, J.Z. Will⁹⁹, H.H. Williams¹²¹, S. Williams²⁸, C. Willis⁸⁹, S. Willocq⁸⁵, J.A. Wilson¹⁸, A. Wilson⁸⁸, I. Wingerter-Seez⁵, S. Winkelmann⁴⁸, F. Winklmeier¹¹⁵, M. Wittgen¹⁴⁴, T. Wittig⁴³, J. Wittkowski⁹⁹, S.J. Wollstadt⁸², M.W. Wolter³⁹, H. Wolters^{125a,125c}, B.K. Wosiek³⁹, J. Wotschack³⁰, M.J. Woudstra⁸³, K.W. Wozniak³⁹, M. Wright⁵³, S.L. Wu¹⁷⁴, X. Wu⁴⁹, Y. Wu⁸⁸, E. Wulf³⁵, T.R. Wyatt⁸³, B.M. Wynne⁴⁶, S. Xella³⁶, M. Xiao¹³⁷, D. Xu^{33a}, L. Xu^{33b,ai}, B. Yabsley¹⁵¹, S. Yacoob^{146b,aj}, M. Yamada⁶⁵, H. Yamaguchi¹⁵⁶, Y. Yamaguchi¹⁵⁶, A. Yamamoto⁶⁵, K. Yamamoto⁶³, S. Yamamoto¹⁵⁶, T. Yamamura¹⁵⁶, T. Yamanaka¹⁵⁶, K. Yamauchi¹⁰², Y. Yamazaki⁶⁶, Z. Yan²², H. Yang^{33e}, H. Yang¹⁷⁴, U.K. Yang⁸³, Y. Yang¹¹⁰, S. Yanush⁹², L. Yao^{33a}, W-M. Yao¹⁵, Y. Yasu⁶⁵, E. Yatsenko⁴², K.H. Yau Wong²¹, J. Ye⁴⁰, S. Ye²⁵, A.L. Yen⁵⁷, E. Yildirim⁴², M. Yilmaz^{4b}, R. Yoosoofmiya¹²⁴, K. Yorita¹⁷², R. Yoshida⁶, K. Yoshihara¹⁵⁶, C. Young¹⁴⁴, C.J.S. Young³⁰, S. Youssef²², D.R. Yu¹⁵, J. Yu⁸, J.M. Yu⁸⁸, J. Yu¹¹³, L. Yuan⁶⁶, A. Yurkewicz¹⁰⁷, B. Zabinski³⁹, R. Zaidan⁶², A.M. Zaitsev^{129,x}, A. Zaman¹⁴⁹, S. Zambito²³, L. Zanello^{133a,133b}, D. Zanzi¹⁰⁰, A. Zaytsev²⁵, C. Zeitnitz¹⁷⁶, M. Zeman¹²⁷, A. Zemla^{38a}, K. Zengel²³, O. Zenin¹²⁹, T. Ženiš^{145a}, D. Zerwas¹¹⁶, G. Zevi della Porta⁵⁷, D. Zhang⁸⁸, F. Zhang¹⁷⁴, H. Zhang⁸⁹, J. Zhang⁶, L. Zhang¹⁵², X. Zhang^{33d}, Z. Zhang¹¹⁶, Z. Zhao^{33b}, A. Zhemchugov⁶⁴, J. Zhong¹¹⁹, B. Zhou⁸⁸, L. Zhou³⁵, N. Zhou¹⁶⁴, C.G. Zhu^{33d}, H. Zhu^{33a}, J. Zhu⁸⁸, Y. Zhu^{33b}, X. Zhuang^{33a}, A. Zibell⁹⁹, D. Ziemska⁶⁰, N.I. Zimine⁶⁴, C. Zimmermann⁸², R. Zimmermann²¹, S. Zimmermann²¹, S. Zimmermann⁴⁸, Z. Zinonos⁵⁴, M. Ziolkowski¹⁴², R. Zitoun⁵, G. Zobernig¹⁷⁴, A. Zoccoli^{20a,20b}, M. zur Nedden¹⁶, G. Zurzolo^{103a,103b}, V. Zutshi¹⁰⁷, L. Zwalski³⁰

¹ Department of Physics, University of Adelaide, Adelaide, Australia² Physics Department, SUNY Albany, Albany, NY, United States³ Department of Physics, University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Canada⁴ (a) Department of Physics, Ankara University, Ankara; (b) Department of Physics, Gazi University, Ankara; (c) Division of Physics, TOBB University of Economics and Technology, Ankara;

(d) Turkish Atomic Energy Authority, Ankara, Turkey

⁵ LAPP, CNRS/IN2P3 and Université de Savoie, Annecy-le-Vieux, France⁶ High Energy Physics Division, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, IL, United States⁷ Department of Physics, University of Arizona, Tucson, AZ, United States⁸ Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Arlington, Arlington, TX, United States⁹ Physics Department, University of Athens, Athens, Greece¹⁰ Physics Department, National Technical University of Athens, Zografou, Greece¹¹ Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan¹² Institut de Física d'Altes Energies and Departament de Física de la Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Barcelona, Spain¹³ (a) Institute of Physics, University of Belgrade, Belgrade; (b) Vinca Institute of Nuclear Sciences, University of Belgrade, Belgrade, Serbia¹⁴ Department for Physics and Technology, University of Bergen, Bergen, Norway¹⁵ Physics Division, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and University of California, Berkeley, CA, United States¹⁶ Department of Physics, Humboldt University, Berlin, Germany¹⁷ Albert Einstein Center for Fundamental Physics and Laboratory for High Energy Physics, University of Bern, Bern, Switzerland¹⁸ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom¹⁹ (a) Department of Physics, Bogazici University, Istanbul; (b) Department of Physics, Dodus University, Istanbul; (c) Department of Physics Engineering, Gaziantep University, Gaziantep, Turkey²⁰ (a) INFN Sezione di Bologna; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica e Astronomia, Università di Bologna, Bologna, Italy²¹ Physikalisches Institut, University of Bonn, Bonn, Germany²² Department of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA, United States²³ Department of Physics, Brandeis University, Waltham, MA, United States²⁴ (a) Universidade Federal do Rio De Janeiro COPPE/EE/IF, Rio de Janeiro; (b) Federal University of Juiz de Fora (UFJF), Juiz de Fora; (c) Federal University of São João del Rei (UFSJ), São João del Rei; (d) Instituto de Física, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil²⁵ Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY, United States²⁶ (a) National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, Bucharest; (b) National Institute for Research and Development of Isotopic and Molecular Technologies, Physics Department, Cluj Napoca; (c) University Politehnica Bucharest, Bucharest; (d) West University in Timisoara, Timisoara, Romania²⁷ Departamento de Física, Universidad de Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, Argentina²⁸ Cavendish Laboratory, University of Cambridge, Cambridge, United Kingdom²⁹ Department of Physics, Carleton University, Ottawa, ON, Canada³⁰ CERN, Geneva, Switzerland³¹ Enrico Fermi Institute, University of Chicago, Chicago, IL, United States³² (a) Departamento de Física, Pontificia Universidad Católica de Chile, Santiago; (b) Departamento de Física, Universidad Técnica Federico Santa María, Valparaíso, Chile³³ (a) Institute of High Energy Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing; (b) Department of Modern Physics, University of Science and Technology of China, Anhui;^(c) Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu; (d) School of Physics, Shandong University, Shandong; (e) Physics Department, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai, China³⁴ Laboratoire de Physique Corpusculaire, Clermont Université and Université Blaise Pascal and CNRS/IN2P3, Clermont-Ferrand, France³⁵ Nevis Laboratory, Columbia University, Irvington, NY, United States³⁶ Niels Bohr Institute, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark³⁷ (a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Cosenza, Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati; (b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università della Calabria, Rende, Italy

- ³⁸ ^(a) AGH University of Science and Technology, Faculty of Physics and Applied Computer Science, Krakow; ^(b) Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, Krakow, Poland
- ³⁹ The Henryk Niewodniczanski Institute of Nuclear Physics, Polish Academy of Sciences, Krakow, Poland
- ⁴⁰ Physics Department, Southern Methodist University, Dallas, TX, United States
- ⁴¹ Physics Department, University of Texas at Dallas, Richardson, TX, United States
- ⁴² DESY, Hamburg and Zeuthen, Germany
- ⁴³ Institut für Experimentelle Physik IV, Technische Universität Dortmund, Dortmund, Germany
- ⁴⁴ Institut für Kern- und Teilchenphysik, Technische Universität Dresden, Dresden, Germany
- ⁴⁵ Department of Physics, Duke University, Durham, NC, United States
- ⁴⁶ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Edinburgh, Edinburgh, United Kingdom
- ⁴⁷ INFN Laboratori Nazionali di Frascati, Frascati, Italy
- ⁴⁸ Fakultät für Mathematik und Physik, Albert-Ludwigs-Universität, Freiburg, Germany
- ⁴⁹ Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland
- ⁵⁰ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Genova; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Genova, Genova, Italy
- ⁵¹ ^(a) E. Andronikashvili Institute of Physics, Iv. Javakhishvili Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi; ^(b) High Energy Physics Institute, Tbilisi State University, Tbilisi, Georgia
- ⁵² II Physikalisches Institut, Justus-Liebig-Universität Giessen, Giessen, Germany
- ⁵³ SUPA – School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Glasgow, Glasgow, United Kingdom
- ⁵⁴ II Physikalisches Institut, Georg-August-Universität, Göttingen, Germany
- ⁵⁵ Laboratoire de Physique Subatomique et de Cosmologie, Université Joseph Fourier and CNRS/IN2P3 and Institut National Polytechnique de Grenoble, Grenoble, France
- ⁵⁶ Department of Physics, Hampton University, Hampton, VA, United States
- ⁵⁷ Laboratory for Particle Physics and Cosmology, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA, United States
- ⁵⁸ ^(a) Kirchhoff-Institut für Physik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg; ^(b) Physikalisches Institut, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Heidelberg;
- ⁵⁹ ZITI Institut für technische Informatik, Ruprecht-Karls-Universität Heidelberg, Mannheim, Germany
- ⁶⁰ Faculty of Applied Information Science, Hiroshima Institute of Technology, Hiroshima, Japan
- ⁶¹ Department of Physics, Indiana University, Bloomington, IN, United States
- ⁶² Institut für Astro- und Teilchenphysik, Leopold-Franzens-Universität, Innsbruck, Austria
- ⁶³ University of Iowa, Iowa City, IA, United States
- ⁶⁴ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Iowa State University, Ames, IA, United States
- ⁶⁵ Joint Institute for Nuclear Research, JINR Dubna, Dubna, Russia
- ⁶⁶ KEK, High Energy Accelerator Research Organization, Tsukuba, Japan
- ⁶⁷ Graduate School of Science, Kobe University, Kobe, Japan
- ⁶⁸ Faculty of Science, Kyoto University, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁶⁹ Kyoto University of Education, Kyoto, Japan
- ⁷⁰ Department of Physics, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan
- ⁷¹ Instituto de Física La Plata, Universidad Nacional de La Plata and CONICET, La Plata, Argentina
- ⁷² Physics Department, Lancaster University, Lancaster, United Kingdom
- ⁷³ INFN Sezione di Lecce; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università del Salento, Lecce, Italy
- ⁷⁴ Oliver Lodge Laboratory, University of Liverpool, Liverpool, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁵ Department of Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute and University of Ljubljana, Ljubljana, Slovenia
- ⁷⁶ School of Physics and Astronomy, Queen Mary University of London, London, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁷ Department of Physics, Royal Holloway University of London, Surrey, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁸ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University College London, London, United Kingdom
- ⁷⁹ Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA, United States
- ⁸⁰ Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France
- ⁸¹ Fysiska institutionen, Lunds universitet, Lund, Sweden
- ⁸² Departamento de Física Teórica C-15, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Madrid, Spain
- ⁸³ Institut für Physik, Universität Mainz, Mainz, Germany
- ⁸⁴ School of Physics and Astronomy, University of Manchester, Manchester, United Kingdom
- ⁸⁵ CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France
- ⁸⁶ Department of Physics, University of Massachusetts, Amherst, MA, United States
- ⁸⁷ Department of Physics, McGill University, Montreal, QC, Canada
- ⁸⁸ School of Physics, University of Melbourne, Victoria, Australia
- ⁸⁹ Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States
- ⁹⁰ Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, United States
- ⁹¹ INFN Sezione di Milano; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Milano, Milano, Italy
- ⁹² B.I. Stepanov Institute of Physics, National Academy of Sciences of Belarus, Minsk, Belarus
- ⁹³ National Scientific and Educational Centre for Particle and High Energy Physics, Minsk, Belarus
- ⁹⁴ Department of Physics, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA, United States
- ⁹⁵ Group of Particle Physics, University of Montreal, Montreal, QC, Canada
- ⁹⁶ P.N. Lebedev Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences, Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁷ Institute for Theoretical and Experimental Physics (ITEP), Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁸ D.V. Skobeltsyn Institute of Nuclear Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia
- ⁹⁹ Fakultät für Physik, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, München, Germany
- ¹⁰⁰ Max-Planck-Institut für Physik (Werner-Heisenberg-Institut), München, Germany
- ¹⁰¹ Nagasaki Institute of Applied Science, Nagasaki, Japan
- ¹⁰² Graduate School of Science and Kobayashi-Maskawa Institute, Nagoya University, Nagoya, Japan
- ¹⁰³ ^(a) INFN Sezione di Napoli; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Napoli, Napoli, Italy
- ¹⁰⁴ Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM, United States
- ¹⁰⁵ Institute for Mathematics, Astrophysics and Particle Physics, Radboud University Nijmegen/Nikhef, Nijmegen, Netherlands
- ¹⁰⁶ Nikhef National Institute for Subatomic Physics and University of Amsterdam, Amsterdam, Netherlands
- ¹⁰⁷ Department of Physics, Northern Illinois University, DeKalb, IL, United States
- ¹⁰⁸ Budker Institute of Nuclear Physics, SB RAS, Novosibirsk, Russia
- ¹⁰⁹ Department of Physics, New York University, New York, NY, United States
- ¹¹⁰ Ohio State University, Columbus, OH, United States
- ¹¹¹ Faculty of Science, Okayama University, Okayama, Japan
- ¹¹² Homer L. Dodge Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Oklahoma, Norman, OK, United States
- ¹¹³ Department of Physics, Oklahoma State University, Stillwater, OK, United States
- ¹¹⁴ Palacký University, RCPTM, Olomouc, Czech Republic

- 115 Center for High Energy Physics, University of Oregon, Eugene, OR, United States
 116 LAL, Université Paris-Sud and CNRS/IN2P3, Orsay, France
 117 Graduate School of Science, Osaka University, Osaka, Japan
 118 Department of Physics, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
 119 Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom
 120 ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pavia; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Pavia, Pavia, Italy
 121 Department of Physics, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, PA, United States
 122 Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute, Gatchina, Russia
 123 ^(a) INFN Sezione di Pisa; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica E. Fermi, Università di Pisa, Pisa, Italy
 124 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, United States
 125 ^(a) Laboratorio de Instrumentacao e Fisica Experimental de Particulas – LIP, Lisboa; ^(b) Faculdade de Ciências, Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(c) Department of Physics, University of Coimbra, Coimbra; ^(d) Centro de Física Nuclear da Universidade de Lisboa, Lisboa; ^(e) Departamento de Física, Universidade do Minho, Braga; ^(f) Departamento de Física Teórica y del Cosmos and CAFPE, Universidad de Granada, Granada (Spain); ^(g) Dep Física and CEFITEC of Faculdade de Ciencias e Tecnologia, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Caparica, Portugal
 126 Institute of Physics, Academy of Sciences of the Czech Republic, Praha, Czech Republic
 127 Czech Technical University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
 128 Faculty of Mathematics and Physics, Charles University in Prague, Praha, Czech Republic
 129 State Research Center Institute for High Energy Physics, Protvino, Russia
 130 Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom
 131 Physics Department, University of Regina, Regina, SK, Canada
 132 Ritsumeikan University, Kusatsu, Shiga, Japan
 133 ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy
 134 ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tor Vergata; ^(b) Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Roma Tor Vergata, Roma, Italy
 135 ^(a) INFN Sezione di Roma Tre; ^(b) Dipartimento di Matematica e Fisica, Università Roma Tre, Roma, Italy
 136 ^(a) Faculté des Sciences Ain Chock, Réseau Universitaire de Physique des Hautes Energies – Université Hassan II, Casablanca; ^(b) Centre National de l'Energie des Sciences Techniques Nucléaires, Rabat; ^(c) Faculté des Sciences Semlalia, Université Cadi Ayyad, LPHEA, Marrakech; ^(d) Faculté des Sciences, Université Mohamed Premier and LPTPM, Oujda; ^(e) Faculté des sciences, Université Mohammed V-Agdal, Rabat, Morocco
 137 DSM/IRFU (Institut de Recherches sur les Lois Fondamentales de l'Univers), CEA Saclay (Commissariat à l'Energie Atomique et aux Energies Alternatives), Gif-sur-Yvette, France
 138 Santa Cruz Institute for Particle Physics, University of California Santa Cruz, Santa Cruz, CA, United States
 139 Department of Physics, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, United States
 140 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sheffield, Sheffield, United Kingdom
 141 Department of Physics, Shinshu University, Nagano, Japan
 142 Fachbereich Physik, Universität Siegen, Siegen, Germany
 143 Department of Physics, Simon Fraser University, Burnaby, BC, Canada
 144 SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford, CA, United States
 145 ^(a) Faculty of Mathematics, Physics & Informatics, Comenius University, Bratislava; ^(b) Department of Subnuclear Physics, Institute of Experimental Physics of the Slovak Academy of Sciences, Kosice, Slovak Republic
 146 ^(a) Department of Physics, University of Cape Town, Cape Town; ^(b) Department of Physics, University of Johannesburg, Johannesburg; ^(c) School of Physics, University of the Witwatersrand, Johannesburg, South Africa
 147 ^(a) Department of Physics, Stockholm University; ^(b) The Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm, Sweden
 148 Physics Department, Royal Institute of Technology, Stockholm, Sweden
 149 Departments of Physics & Astronomy and Chemistry, Stony Brook University, Stony Brook, NY, United States
 150 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Sussex, Brighton, United Kingdom
 151 School of Physics, University of Sydney, Sydney, Australia
 152 Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan
 153 Department of Physics, Technion: Israel Institute of Technology, Haifa, Israel
 154 Raymond and Beverly Sackler School of Physics and Astronomy, Tel Aviv University, Tel Aviv, Israel
 155 Department of Physics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Thessaloniki, Greece
 156 International Center for Elementary Particle Physics and Department of Physics, The University of Tokyo, Tokyo, Japan
 157 Graduate School of Science and Technology, Tokyo Metropolitan University, Tokyo, Japan
 158 Department of Physics, Tokyo Institute of Technology, Tokyo, Japan
 159 Department of Physics, University of Toronto, Toronto, ON, Canada
 160 ^(a) TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC; ^(b) Department of Physics and Astronomy, York University, Toronto, ON, Canada
 161 Faculty of Pure and Applied Sciences, University of Tsukuba, Tsukuba, Japan
 162 Department of Physics and Astronomy, Tufts University, Medford, MA, United States
 163 Centro de Investigaciones, Universidad Antonio Narino, Bogota, Colombia
 164 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of California Irvine, Irvine, CA, United States
 165 ^(a) INFN Gruppo Collegato di Udine, Sezione di Trieste, Udine; ^(b) ICTP, Trieste; ^(c) Dipartimento di Chimica, Fisica e Ambiente, Università di Udine, Udine, Italy
 166 Department of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana, IL, United States
 167 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Uppsala, Uppsala, Sweden
 168 Instituto de Física Corpuscular (IFIC) and Departamento de Física Atómica, Molecular y Nuclear and Departamento de Ingeniería Electrónica and Instituto de Microelectrónica de Barcelona (IMB-CNM), University of Valencia and CSIC, Valencia, Spain
 169 Department of Physics, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Canada
 170 Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, BC, Canada
 171 Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Coventry, United Kingdom
 172 Waseda University, Tokyo, Japan
 173 Department of Particle Physics, The Weizmann Institute of Science, Rehovot, Israel
 174 Department of Physics, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, United States
 175 Fakultät für Physik und Astronomie, Julius-Maximilians-Universität, Würzburg, Germany
 176 Fachbereich C Physik, Bergische Universität Wuppertal, Wuppertal, Germany
 177 Department of Physics, Yale University, New Haven, CT, United States
 178 Yerevan Physics Institute, Yerevan, Armenia
 179 Centre de Calcul de l'Institut National de Physique Nucléaire et de Physique des Particules (IN2P3), Villeurbanne, France

^a Also at Department of Physics, King's College London, London, United Kingdom.

^b Also at Institute of Physics, Azerbaijan Academy of Sciences, Baku, Azerbaijan.

^c Also at Particle Physics Department, Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Didcot, United Kingdom.

^d Also at TRIUMF, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

^e Also at Department of Physics, California State University, Fresno, CA, United States.

- ^f Also at Novosibirsk State University, Novosibirsk, Russia.
^g Also at CPPM, Aix-Marseille Université and CNRS/IN2P3, Marseille, France.
^h Also at Università di Napoli Parthenope, Napoli, Italy.
ⁱ Also at Institute of Particle Physics (IPP), Canada.
^j Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI, United States.
^k Also at Department of Financial and Management Engineering, University of the Aegean, Chios, Greece.
^l Also at Louisiana Tech University, Ruston, LA, United States.
^m Also at Institutio Catalana de Recerca i Estudis Avancats, ICREA, Barcelona, Spain.
ⁿ Also at CERN, Geneva, Switzerland.
^o Also at Ochanomizu Academic Production, Ochanomizu University, Tokyo, Japan.
^p Also at Manhattan College, New York, NY, United States.
^q Also at Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.
^r Also at Department of Physics, Nanjing University, Jiangsu, China.
^s Also at School of Physics and Engineering, Sun Yat-sen University, Guangzhou, China.
^t Also at Academia Sinica Grid Computing, Institute of Physics, Academia Sinica, Taipei, Taiwan.
^u Also at Laboratoire de Physique Nucléaire et de Hautes Energies, UPMC and Université Paris-Diderot and CNRS/IN2P3, Paris, France.
^v Also at School of Physical Sciences, National Institute of Science Education and Research, Bhubaneswar, India.
^w Also at Dipartimento di Fisica, Sapienza Università di Roma, Roma, Italy.
^x Also at Moscow Institute of Physics and Technology State University, Dolgoprudny, Russia.
^y Also at Section de Physique, Université de Genève, Geneva, Switzerland.
^z Also at Department of Physics, The University of Texas at Austin, Austin, TX, United States.
^{aa} Also at Institute for Particle and Nuclear Physics, Wigner Research Centre for Physics, Budapest, Hungary.
^{ab} Also at International School for Advanced Studies (SISSA), Trieste, Italy.
^{ac} Also at Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of South Carolina, Columbia, SC, United States.
^{ad} Also at Faculty of Physics, M.V. Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow, Russia.
^{ae} Also at Physics Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, Upton, NY, United States.
^{af} Also at Moscow Engineering and Physics Institute (MEPhI), Moscow, Russia.
^{ag} Also at Department of Physics, Oxford University, Oxford, United Kingdom.
^{ah} Also at Institut für Experimentalphysik, Universität Hamburg, Hamburg, Germany.
^{ai} Also at Department of Physics, The University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, United States.
^{aj} Also at Discipline of Physics, University of KwaZulu-Natal, Durban, South Africa.
* Deceased.